SinossMem

Regeneration

No exposure of the osteosynthesis screw due to high stability of the collagen membrane SinossMem





High mechanical strength, no exposure of the osteosynthesis screw

The hard tissue defect presented here was treated with a human bone block and a stable fixation of the bone block was performed with an osteosynthesis screw. A common complication is early wound dehiscence with exposure of the osteosynthesis screw. If there is a wound dehiscence or perforation of the mucosa in the first six weeks after placement, then a new cover must be made. Likewise, additional local cleansing with water, chlorhexidine, anti-inflammatory or antibiotic ointments and antibacterial mouthwashes is necessary.

High stability of the SinossMem



After 6 months of healing, the bone is healed and shows the usual shrinkage. No exposure of osteosynthesis screw due to high stability of the collagen membrane SinossMem.

SinossMem supports soft tissue preservation and complication-free block augmentation

Often the osteosynthesis screw exposes after block augmentation. However, due to the very stable and high-quality collagen membrane SinossMem this has not happened over the period of 6 months. Even with the removal of the screw by incision, showed a rough and stable tissue. In addition, the collagen membrane SinossMem was wetted with PRP and another PRF matrix (SinossGraft L-Power) was applied. However, as the PRF matrix does not provide any barrier, only the collagen membrane SinossMem can be the crucial factor for high stability and prevent exposure.



